























January 27, 2023

John P. Donnelly, Executive Director California Wildlife Conservation Board P.O. Box 944209 Sacramento, CA 94244-2090

RE: I-8 Peninsular Bighorn Sheep Crossing Project - SUPPORT

Dear Mr. Donnelly,

The undersigned non-profit wildlife conservation organizations are pleased to offer our strong support for the "I-8 Peninsular Bighorn Sheep Crossing Project", and we urge that the Wildlife Conservation Board approve funding for the proposal.

The "I-8 Peninsular Bighorn Sheep Crossing Project" seeks to enhance permeability across Interstate 8 just east of the Imperial-San Diego County line to alleviate one of California's most problematic barriers to wildlife movement. The California Department of Fish and Wildlife's California Wildlife Barriers 2022 report listed this section of Interstate 8 (W061) as one of twelve statewide priority barriers. The section of Interstate 8 through the In-Ko-Pah Gorge bisects important habitat used as a movement corridor by endangered Peninsular bighorn sheep and specifically for the In-Ko-Pah ewe group that uses the area for giving birth and raising their lambs. As traffic loads increase, bighorn sheep will eventually no longer be able to cross the Interstate to reach critical resources for their survival.

Bighorn sheep (*Ovis canadensis nelsoni*) inhabiting the Peninsular Ranges of southern California were listed as threatened by the California Fish and Game Commission in 1984 and listed as endangered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in 1998. These wildlife agencies have identified habitat fragmentation and loss of corridors as a significant threat to the long-term survival of the Peninsular population. Since 2012, there have been at least 25 bighorn sheep killed along this stretch of roadway with the majority of deaths attributed to female bighorn sheep that were either pregnant or caring for a lamb at the time they were killed. Bighorn sheep that reside in this area typically access water sources and high elevation to the southwest of Interstate 8 during summer months and attempt to move back across the Interstate to access their lambing and nursery grounds in winter and spring. CDFW, USFWS, and others have extensively monitored and studied this distinct population of peninsular bighorn sheep and identified the need to install directional fencing and a wildlife overpass structure across this section of Interstate 8.

The development of a wildlife crossing and directional fencing along this busy interstate will be a critical step towards increasing permeability for bighorn sheep, mountain lions, and other wildlife in the region.

To advance these efforts, the University of California at Davis Road Ecology Center has partnered with a diverse coalition of stakeholders and experts to develop a plan that will support wildlife movement, fulfill all environmental review requirements, and be feasible to implement.

With additional pressures of water scarcity, increased vehicle traffic, and growing land development, the ability for wildlife to move throughout the landscape is increasingly critical to their survival. This project will lay the groundwork for the implementation of a wildlife crossing that will not only benefit endangered wildlife but will also create a safer highway for motorists. We are hopeful to see some reprieve for the In-Ko-Pah ewe group and respectfully request the Wildlife Conservation Board's consideration and support of this funding request.

Sincerely,

Aimee J. Byard, Associate Director/Biologist

Bighorn Institute

John Wehausen, President Sierra Nevada Bighorn

Steve Jarvis, Chief Executive Officer

California Deer Association

Fred Harpster, President Black Brant Group

Gary F. Brennan, President San Diego County Wildlife Federation

Steve Miller, President Tulare Basin Wetlands Association

Chriss Bowles, President California Bowmen Hunters/State Archery Association

Don Martin, President

California Chapter – Wild Sheep Foundation

Corey Thompson, President

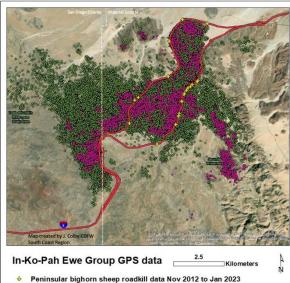
Cal-Ore Wetland and Waterfowl Council

Lori Jacobs, President

California Houndsmen for Conservation

Steve Chappell, Executive Director Suisun Resource Conservation District

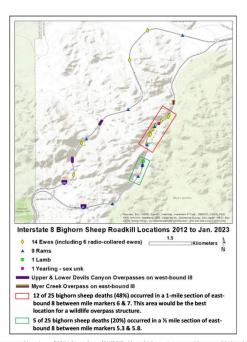
Adam Chavez, President California Hawking Club



- GPS data for 20 ewes Oct 2009 May 2022
- 2021 & 2022 Lamb-Rearing Season GPS data for 3 ewes



Map 1. Since 2009, California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) has maintained radio collars on a representative sample of the Peninsular bighorn sheep (*DVis canadensis nelsoni*) population that resides in the In-Ko-Pah Gorge/Mountain Springs area surrounding Interstate 8 in order to study their seasonal movement patterns. Map 1 combines all Global positioning systems (*PS*) data collected from each GPS-Colledge deve over the past 14 years and highlights the 2021 8. Zo22 lamb-reaming seasons (I January—May 31). Minimally, 25 bighorn sheep have been killed attempting to crossing Interstate 8 since data collection was started in 2012; however, this number is likely low. Bighorn sheep have been killed attempting to crossing Interstate 8 since data collection was started in 2012; however, this number is likely low. Bighorn sheep in the killed by vehicles only gets reported if the motions's vehicle is disabled and the CHP responds. For example, 33% of radio-collared ewen that and killed by vehicles only gets and bighorn sheep do not cross under it. or contrast, the Devils Canyon overpasses on the west-bound side are very table bridges and bighorn sheep willingly cross beneath them; although they are just as likely to cross the west-bound lanes. Fencing to direct sheep under the Devils canyon bridges would alleviate the need for a wildlife corprass of such as the contrast, the new of the product of the corp. The contrast is likely to cross the west-bound lanes. Fencing to direct sheep under the Devils canyon bridges would alleviate the need for a wildlife corprass of such as the corporation of 25 bighorn sheep (BHS) killed by vehicles only gets as the coverpass) would be most effective placed somewhere between mile post markers 6 & 7 on the east-bound lanes where the majority of deaths occur (red certangle). The Myers Creek Overpass on the east-bound side is a low bridge and bighorn sheep willingly corts. The corporation of the corporat



somewhere between time post intakes 3 or 7 of the east-bound lakes where the highing to belief occur plea. Freetangle, The Whers Creek Overpass on the east-bound side is dow bridge and bighorn sheep do not cross under it. In contrast, the Devils Canyon overpasses on the west-bound side are very tall bridges and bighorn sheep willingly cross beneath them; although they are just as likely to cross the west-bound lanes. Fencing to direct sheep under the Devils